



## Modernisation agenda for European Vocational Education and Training Welcome address at the EUCOLOG Conference Brussels, 14 September 2011

#### DG Education and Culture Wilhelm Vukovich - Unit B4

# **Current EU common challenges**



- Ageing population
- By 2020, 35% of all jobs will require high-level qualifications (today: 29%) = "knowledge economy"
- Too many early school leavers (15% of 18-24 year olds have less than upper secondary education)
- Youth unemployment is high: 21%
- Low-carbon economy
- Technological changes









# UE strategy and flagships to face challenges

#### **Europe 2020**

EU is setting the strategy for the next decade - focusing on « smart, sustainable and inclusive growth »

Flagship initiatives linking with education and training: •An Agenda for new skills and jobs •Youth on the Move • Innovation union • Digital agenda

Contribution of VET to support Europe 2020 strategy and flagship initiatives required : A new impetus for VET for 2020 – (June 2010) Bruges communiqué – (December 2010)



Students in upper secondary vocational as % of the total number of students in upper secondary education (ISCED 3) - 2006





Secondary VET an EU average of 50% of all students



### The European Cooperation in VET policy





Copenhagen process achievements so far: common frameworks, principles or tools.



- Single framework for transparency of qualifications and competences (EUROPASS)
- Common principles for validation of non-formal and informal learning
- European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong learning (EQF)
- Credit transfer system for VET (ECVET)
- European Quality Assurance Reference Framework for VET (EQAVET)
- Strengthening policies, systems and practices for lifelong guidance (Council recommendations)



A new agenda for EU VET agenda to reach



- High quality initial VET
- Flexible systems of VET based on a learning outcomes approach which cater for validation of non-formal and informal learning
- European education and training area with transparent qualifications systems
- Substantially increased opportunities for transnational mobility in VET
- Attractive and inclusive VET
- Easily accessible and high-quality lifelong information, guidance and counselling services
- Easily accessible and career-oriented continuing VET





### **European Skills Passport**



 $\succ$  included in both EU 2020 flagship initiatives « New skills for jobs » and « Youth in the move ».

 $\succ$  will integrate the Europass framework, in particular expanding and absorbing the current Europass Mobility.

- > will record skills developed through:
- traineeships,
- volunteering,
- non-formal education,
- work experience,

either at home or abroad, completed by the organisations involved in these experiences.

➢Available by end 2012, as an operational online tool through the Europass portal.



# VET policy is supporting the sectoral dimension



- Sectors are at the heart of changing skill needs;
- Sectors experiment and implement EU tools (construction, automotive industry, arts, catering, social care...)
- Sector Skills Councils are essentials :
  - To complement the Cedefop projections and feed the EU Skills panorama
  - To reinforce interaction between the world of work and the world of education
  - > To follow the implementation of VET policy agenda





# Thank you for your attention!

